Modern slavery in Cuba
Global Slavery Index 2023
Country Snapshot

Figure 1.
Prevalence of modern slavery across the Americas

**Key Stats**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population (2021)</th>
<th>11,326,616</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GDP per capita, PPP (Current intl $)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prevalence of Modern Slavery (per 1,000 people)</th>
<th>Number of People Living in Modern Slavery</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>61,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vulnerability to Modern Slavery</th>
<th>Government Response to Modern Slavery</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>43/100</td>
<td>31/100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The scale of modern slavery

According to the 2023 Global Slavery Index, an estimated 5.4 in every thousand people were in modern slavery in Cuba at any point in 2021. In other words, 61,000 people experienced forced labour or forced marriage in Cuba in 2021. In terms of prevalence of modern slavery, Cuba ranks 82nd globally and 15th within the Americas.

Figure 2.
Estimated number of people living in modern slavery across the Americas
Modern slavery in Cuba
Global Slavery Index 2023
Country Snapshot

Vulnerability to modern slavery

How vulnerable a country’s people are to modern slavery is dependent on a range of factors which reflect the strength of governance, access to basic needs, inequality, disenfranchised groups, and effects of conflict. On a scale of 0 to 100, with 100 being the highest vulnerability to modern slavery, Cuba is rated as 43 and has below average vulnerability for the region. Vulnerability is highest in terms of governance issues.

Figure 3.
Vulnerability of Cuba to modern slavery by dimension, compared to the regional average

Government response to modern slavery

The government of Cuba scored 31 out of 100 in their response to modern slavery. This places the government’s response below the average regional response. Of the five areas of response assessed (milestones), the government has taken most action on national and regional coordination of the response to modern slavery and least action on addressing risk in government and business supply chains.

Figure 4.
Government of Cuba’s responses to modern slavery by milestone, compared with the regional average

Priority Recommendations for the government of Cuba

1. Criminalise forced labour in line with international conventions.
2. Criminalise human trafficking in line with international conventions.
3. Increase the legal age of marriage for males and females to 18 years without exceptions.

For more information on modern slavery, visit the Global Slavery Index 2023 website.