# **Modern slavery in Malaysia** Global Slavery Index 2023

**Country Snapshot** 



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#### **KEY STATS**

Population (2021) 32,365,998 GDP per capita, PPP (Current intl \$) \$27,921

6.3

**PREVALENCE OF MODERN SLAVERY** per 1,000 people 202,000

**IN MODERN SLAVERY** 

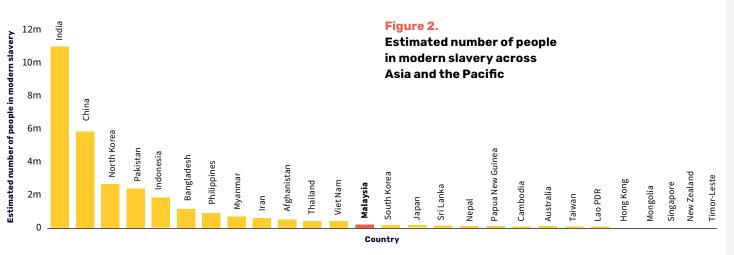
37/100

VULNERABILITY TO MODERN SLAVERY 45/100

GOVERNMENT RESPONSE TO MODERN SLAVERY

### The scale of modern slavery

According to the 2023 Global Slavery Index, an estimated 6.3 in every thousand people were in modern slavery in Malaysia at any point in 2021. In other words, 202,000 people experienced forced labour or forced marriage in Malaysia in 2021. In terms of prevalence of modern slavery, Malaysia ranks 72nd globally and 12th within Asia and the Pacific.



## Modern slavery in Malaysia

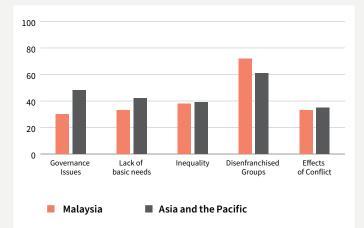
Global Slavery Index 2023 Country Snapshot

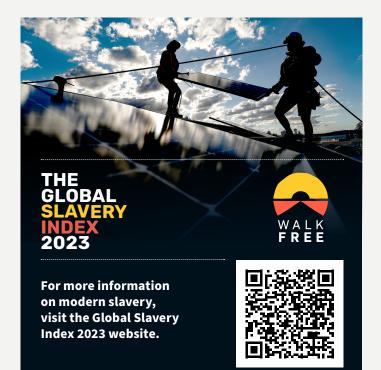
## Vulnerability to modern slavery

How vulnerable a country's people are to modern slavery is dependent on a range of factors which reflect the strength of governance, access to basic needs, inequality, disenfranchised groups, and effects of conflict. On a scale of 0 to 100, with 100 being the highest vulnerability to modern slavery, Malaysia is rated as 37 and has below average vulnerability for the region. Vulnerability is highest in terms of disenfranchised groups.

#### Figure 3.

Vulnerability of Malaysia to modern slavery by dimension, compared to the regional average



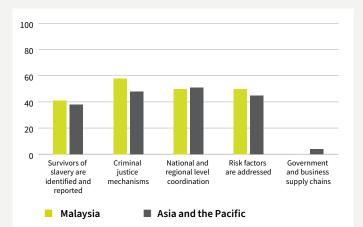


# Government response to modern slavery

The government of Malaysia scored 45 out of 100 in their response to modern slavery. This places the government's response above the average regional response. Of the five areas of response assessed (milestones), the government has taken most action on effective criminal justice mechanisms and least action on addressing risk in government and business supply chains.

#### Figure 4.

Government of Malaysia's responses to modern slavery by milestone, compared with the regional average



# **Priority Recommendations** for the government of Malaysia



Increase the legal age of marriage for males and females to 18 years without exceptions.

Enact legislation recognising that victims should not be treated as criminals for conduct that occurred while under control of their exploiter and ensure the law is enforced.



Develop and promote the use of clear national guidelines for identifying and screening victims for all first responders.