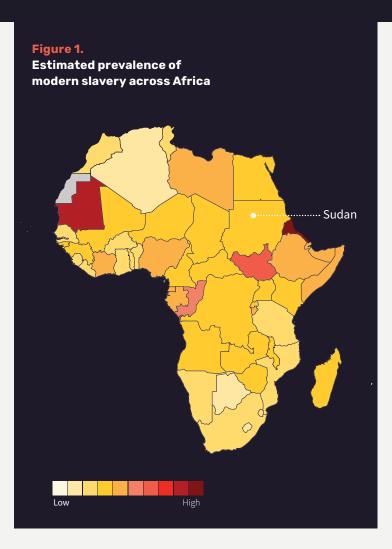
Modern slavery in Sudan

Global Slavery Index 2023 Country Snapshot





KEY STATS

Population (2021) 43,849,269 **GDP per capita, PPP** (Current intl \$) \$4,142

4.0

PREVALENCE OF MODERN SLAVERY per 1,000 people 174,000

NUMBER OF PEOPLE LIVING IN MODERN SLAVERY

82/100

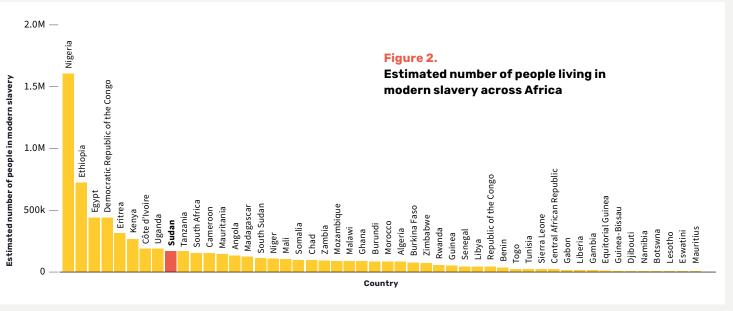
VULNERABILITY TO MODERN SLAVERY

26/100

GOVERNMENT RESPONSE TO MODERN SLAVERY

The scale of modern slavery

According to the 2023 Global Slavery Index, an estimated 4.0 in every thousand people were in modern slavery in Sudan at any point in 2021. In other words, 174,000 people experienced forced labour or forced marriage in Sudan in 2021. In terms of prevalence of modern slavery, Sudan ranks 112th globally and 32nd within Africa.



Modern slavery in Sudan

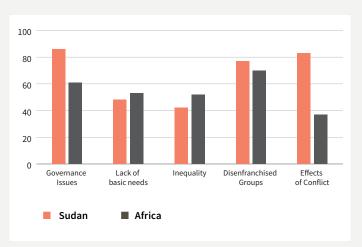
Global Slavery Index 2023 Country Snapshot

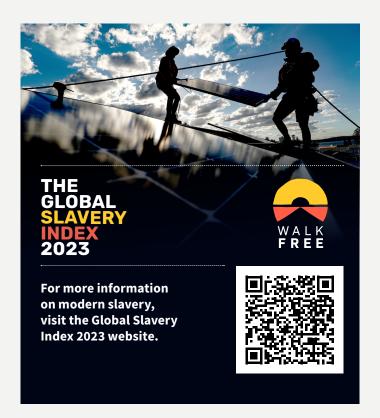
Vulnerability to modern slavery

How vulnerable a country's people are to modern slavery is dependent on a range of factors which reflect the strength of governance, access to basic needs, inequality, disenfranchised groups, and effects of conflict. On a scale of 0 to 100, with 100 being the highest vulnerability, Sudan is rated as 82 and has above average vulnerability for the region. Vulnerability is highest in terms of governance issues.

Figure 3.

Vulnerability of Sudan to modern slavery by dimension, compared to the regional average



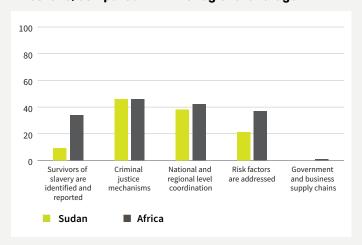


Government response to modern slavery

The government of Sudan scored 26 out of 100 in their response to modern slavery. This places the government's response below the average regional response. Of the five areas of response assessed (milestones), the government has taken most action on effective criminal justice mechanisms and the least action on addressing risk in government and business supply chains.

Figure 4.

Government of Sudan's responses to modern slavery by milestone, compared with the regional average



Priority Recommendations for the government of Sudan

- Criminalise human trafficking in line with international conventions.
- Increase the legal age of marriage for males and females to 18 years without exceptions.
- Enact legislation recognising that victims should not be treated as criminals for conduct that occurred while under control of their exploiter and ensure the law is enforced.