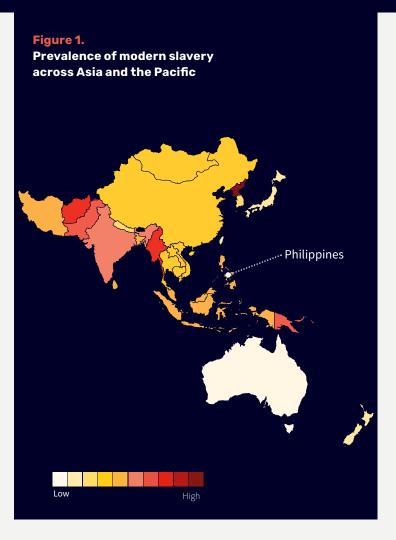
Modern slavery in Philippines

Global Slavery Index 2023 Country Snapshot





KEY STATS

Population (2021) 109,581,085 GDP per capita, PPP (Current intl \$) \$8,394

7.8

PREVALENCE OF MODERN SLAVERY per 1,000 people 859,000

NUMBER OF PEOPLE LIVING IN MODERN SLAVERY

66/100

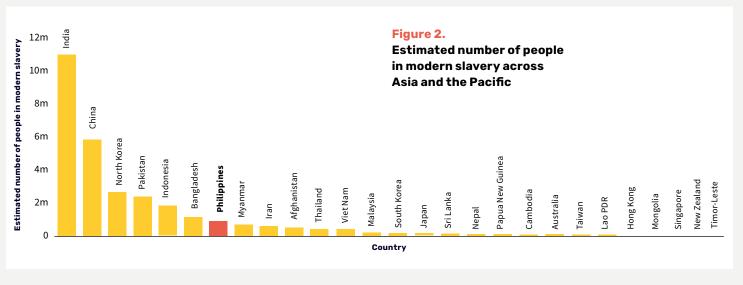
VULNERABILITY TO MODERN SLAVERY

59/100

GOVERNMENT RESPONSE TO MODERN SLAVERY

The scale of modern slavery

According to the 2023 Global Slavery Index, an estimated 7.8 in every thousand people were in modern slavery in Philippines at any point in 2021. In other words, 859,000 people experienced forced labour or forced marriage in Philippines in 2021. In terms of prevalence of modern slavery, Philippines ranks 36th globally and 7th within Asia and the Pacific.



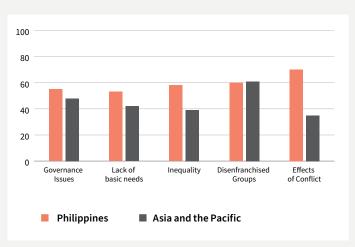
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Vulnerability to modern slavery

How vulnerable a country's people are to modern slavery is dependent on a range of factors which reflect the strength of governance, access to basic needs, inequality, disenfranchised groups, and effects of conflict. On a scale of 0 to 100, with 100 being the highest vulnerability to modern slavery, Philippines is rated as 66 and has above average vulnerability for the region. Vulnerability is highest in terms of effects of conflict.

Figure 3.
Vulnerability of Philippines to modern slavery
by dimension, compared to the regional average



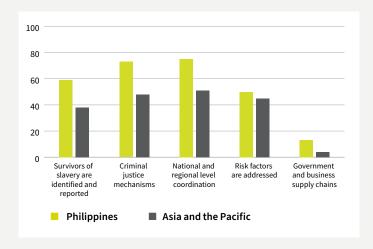


Government response to modern slavery

The government of Philippines scored 59 out of 100 in their response to modern slavery. This places the government's response above the average regional response. Of the five areas of response assessed (milestones), the government has taken most action on national and regional coordination of the response to modern slavery and least action on addressing risk in government and business supply chains.

Figure 4.

Government of Philippines's responses to modern slavery by milestone, compared with the regional average



Priority Recommendations for the government of Philippines

- Criminalise forced labour in line with international conventions.
- 2 Criminalise commercial sexual exploitation of children in line with international conventions.
- Enact legislation or policy that requires any private recruitment fees to be paid by the employer and not employees.